

Iowa Influenza Surveillance Network (IISN)

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Other Respiratory Viruses

Weekly Activity Report



All data presented in this report are provisional and may change as additional reports are received



Iowa Influenza Geographic Spread						
No Activity	Sporadic	Local	Regional	Widespread		

Note: See CDC activity estimates for definition www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm

Quick Stats	
Predominate influenza subtype	A(H1N1)pdm09
Percent of influenza rapid test positive	9% (200/2178)
Percent of RSV rapid tests positive	24% (96/400)
Influenza-associated hospitalizations	13/5861 inpatients surveyed
Percent of outpatient visits for ILI	1.46% (baseline 1.6%)
Percent school absence due to illness	1.54%
Number of long-term care outbreaks	4
Number of schools with ≥10% absence due to illness	0
Influenza-associated mortality - all ages (Cumulative)	1
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality (Cumulative)	0
Predominate non-influenza virus	RSV

Note: Deaths are considered influenza-associated when influenza is listed on the death certificate. This is an underestimate of influenza-related deaths. Cumulative mortality totals are from 9/30/2018 to the current week.

Iowa statewide activity summary:

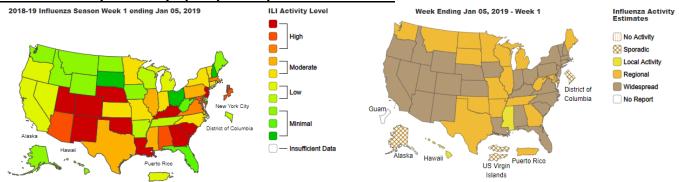
Influenza activity decreased slightly on several indicators, but the geographic spread of influenza in Iowa is widespread. The State Hygienic Laboratory confirmed 21 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 and 10 influenza A(H3) viruses from submitted samples, as well as one influenza A positive specimen pending subtyping. Thirteen influenza-related hospitalizations were reported from sentinel hospitals. The proportion of outpatient visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) was 1.46 percent, which dropped below the regional baseline of 1.6 percent. Four long-term care outbreaks were reported in four of the six flu regions of Iowa. No influenza deaths were reported. Surveillance sites most frequently detected the following non-influenza respiratory illnesses: 174 RSV, 151 rhinovirus/enterovirus, 104 coronavirus, and 61 adenovirus.

International activity summary - (WHO):

In the temperate zone of the northern hemisphere influenza activity continued to increase slowly. In the temperate zones of the southern hemisphere, influenza activity returned to inter-seasonal levels with exception of some parts in Australia. Worldwide, seasonal influenza A viruses accounted for the majority of detections.

Visit <u>www.who.int/influenza/surveillance monitoring/updates/latest update GIP surveillance/en/</u> for more information. It was last updated 1/7/2019.

National activity summary - (CDC)-Last Updated for Week 1:



Synopsis: Influenza activity remains elevated in the United States. Influenza A(H1N1)pdm09, influenza A(H3N2), and influenza B viruses continue to co-circulate. Below is a summary of the key influenza indicators for the week ending January 5, 2019.

Viral Surveillance: The percentage of respiratory specimens testing positive for influenza viruses in clinical laboratories decreased slightly. Influenza A viruses have predominated in the United States since the beginning of October. Influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses have predominated in most areas of the country, however influenza A(H3) viruses have predominated in the southeastern United States (HHS Region 4). The majority of influenza viruses characterized antigenically and genetically are similar to the cell-grown reference viruses representing the 2018–2019 Northern Hemisphere influenza vaccine viruses. All viruses tested show susceptibility to the neuraminidase inhibitors (oseltamivir, zanamivir, and peramivir).

Outpatient Illness Surveillance: The proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) decreased from 4.0% to 3.5%, but remains above the national baseline of 2.2%. All 10 regions reported ILI at or above their region-specific baseline level.

Geographic Spread of Influenza: The geographic spread of influenza in 30 states was reported as widespread; Puerto Rico and 17 states reported regional activity; two states reported local activity; the District of Columbia, the U.S. Virgin Islands and one state reported sporadic activity; and Guam did not report.

Influenza-associated Hospitalizations: A cumulative rate of 9.1 laboratory-confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations per 100,000 population was reported. The highest hospitalization rate is among adults 65 years and older (22.9 hospitalizations per 100,000 population).

Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality: The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was below the system-specific epidemic threshold in the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) Mortality Surveillance System.

Influenza-associated Pediatric Deaths: Three influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported to CDC during week 1.

Detailed information can be found online at www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/.

Laboratory surveillance program:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) is the primary laboratory in Iowa characterizing specimens for influenza surveillance. SHL reports the number of tests performed and the type and subtype/lineage of positive tests to the influenza surveillance network daily. SHL also sends a portion of specimens to CDC for further characterization.

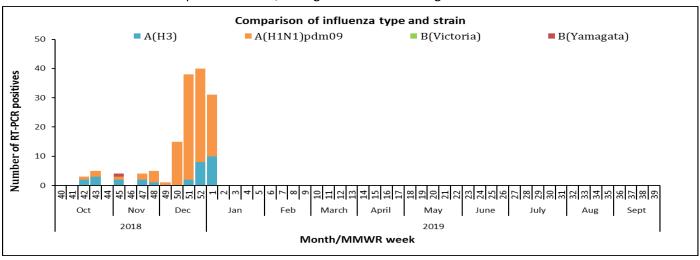
Table 1: Influenza A viruses detected by SHL by age group

		CURREN	IT WEEK		CUMU	JLATIVE (9/30/	18– CURRENT	WEEK)
Age Group	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3)	Not subtyped	Total	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3)	Not subtyped	Total
0-4	3	0	0	3 (9%)	11	1	0	12 (8%)
5-17	1	0	0	1 (3%)	26	6	0	32 (22%)
18-24	1	0	0	1 (3%)	7	1	0	8 (5%)
25-49	5	1	1	7 (22%)	29	3	2	34 (23%)
50-64	5	4	0	9 (28%)	29	10	0	39 (26%)
>64	6	5	0	11 (34%)	13	9	1	23 (16%)
Total	21 (66%)	10 (31%)	1 (3%)	32	115 (78%)	30 (20%)	3 (2%)	148

Table 2: Influenza B viruses detected by SHL by age group

	CURRENT WEEK				CUMI	JLATIVE (9/30/	18- CURRENT	WEEK)
Age Group	Victoria Lineage	Yamagata Lineage	Not subtyped	Total	Victoria Lineage	Yamagata Lineage	Not subtyped	Total
0-4	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
5-17	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
18-24	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
25-49	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	1	0	1 (100%)
50-64	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
>64	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
Total	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0	0 (0%)	1 (100%)	0 (0%)	1

Table 1 and 2 Notes: Cell counts of three or less are sometimes suppressed to protect confidentiality. Totals by age may not add up to totals by subtype/lineage due to missing age information. Only cases of lowa residents are included. Specimens listed as "not subtyped" may be pending or were not able to be subtyped due to weak positive lab results. This can be due to poor collection, timing of collection or stage of infection.



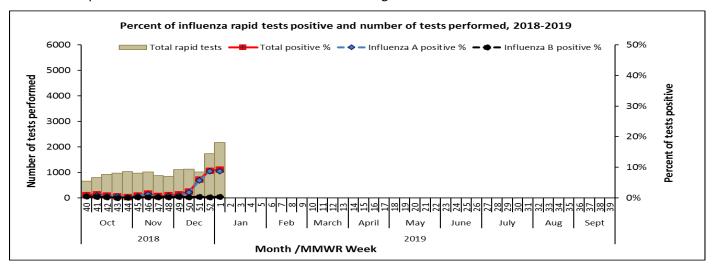
Rapid influenza and RSV test surveillance:

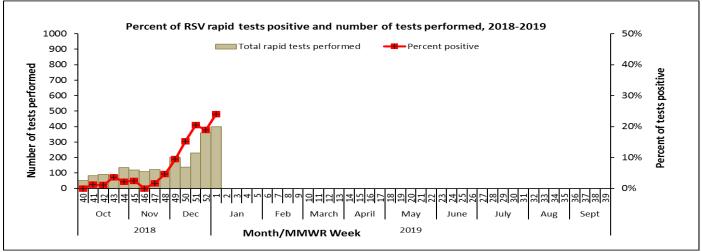
The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of influenza and respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) rapid tests performed and the number of tests positive. This table includes only the number of patients tested for influenza or RSV at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. This table does not provide case counts.

Table 3: Percent of influenza rapid tests positive and number of tests performed by region for the present week

REGION	RAPID ANTIGEN INFLUENZA TESTS			RAPID ANTIGEN RSV TESTS			
REGION	Tested	Flu A	Flu B	% Positive	Tested	Positive	% Positive
Region 1 (Central)	600	32	2	6	32	14	44
Region 2 (NE)	52	1	0	2	15	5	33
Region 3 (NW)	409	80	5	21	210	36	17
Region 4 (SW)	195	24	0	12	22	9	41
Region 5 (SE)	242	23	1	10	40	8	20
Region 6 (Eastern)	680	31	1	5	81	24	30
Total	2178	191	9	9	400	96	24

Note: see map in the school section for the counties in each region.



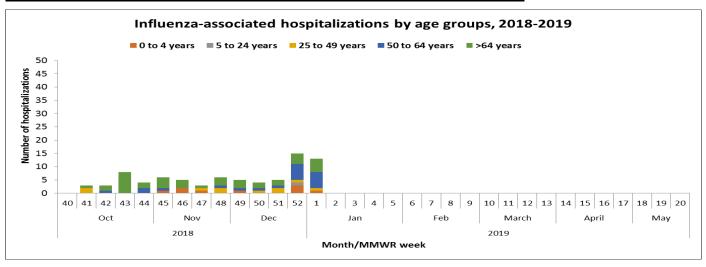


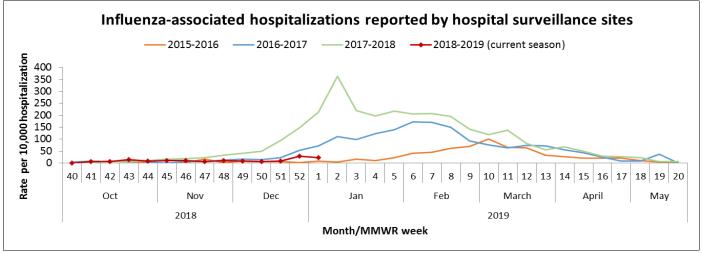
Influenza-associated hospitalizations:

Sentinel hospitals that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report the number of influenza-associated hospitalizations and the total number of inpatients each week. Iowa hospitals interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Andy Weigel at 515-322-1937 or andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov for more information.

Table 4: Number of influenza-associated hospitalization reported by age group

AGE	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/30/18- CURRENT WEEK)
Age 0-4	1	9
Age 5-24	0	1
Age 25-49	1	10
Age 50-64	6	20
Age >64	5	40
Total	13	80





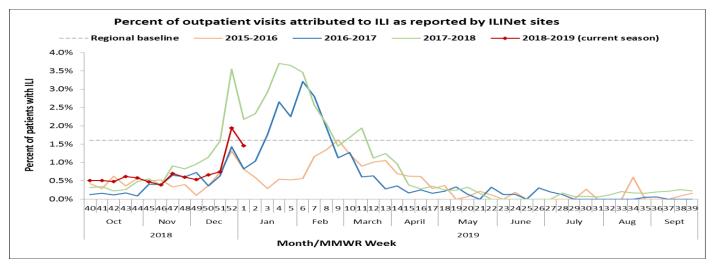
Outpatient health care provider surveillance program (ILINet):

Outpatient health care providers who participate in the ILINet (a national influenza surveillance program) report the number of patients seen with influenza-like illness and the total number of patient visits each week. This system is a key part of Iowa's influenza surveillance. Iowa health care providers interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Andy Weigel at 515-322-1937 or andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov for more information.

Table 5: Outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI)

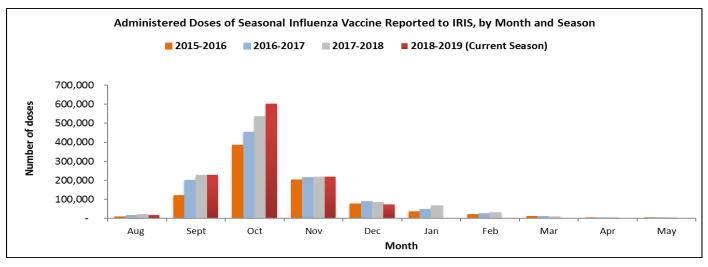
Week	Age 0-4	Age 5-24	Age 25-49	Age 50-64	Age >64	Total ILI	ILI Percent
Week 51, ending Dec 22	17	12	7	1	4	41	0.75
Week 52, ending Dec 29	28	16	13	4	6	67	1.94
Week 1, ending Jan 5	18	20	13	4	8	63	1.46

Note: Influenza-like Illness is defined as a fever of ≥100° F as well as cough and/or sore throat.



Seasonal influenza vaccination:

Seasonal influenza vaccination data in Iowa is based on doses reported to the Iowa Immunization Registry Information System (IRIS). IRIS is a confidential, computerized, population-based system that tracks immunization for children, adolescents and adults who are seen in a variety of public and private healthcare provider sites throughout the state of Iowa. For more information on the immunization data, contact Kim Tichy, IRIS coordinator at 515-281-4288 or kimberly.tichy@idph.iowa.gov.



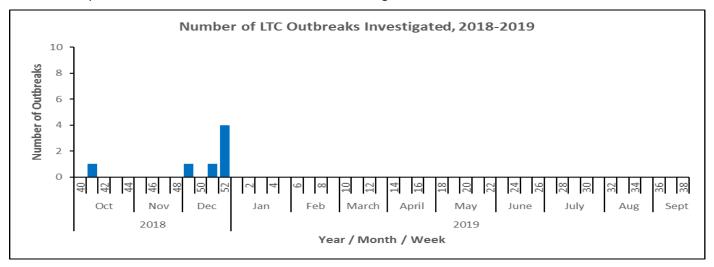
Note: The data for the 2018-2019 season is only up to the current week and there is a lag between the vaccine administration date and the date reported to the IRIS. The current season's data will be adjusted as additional data is received.

Long-term Care Outbreaks:

Table 6: Number of long-term care outbreaks investigated

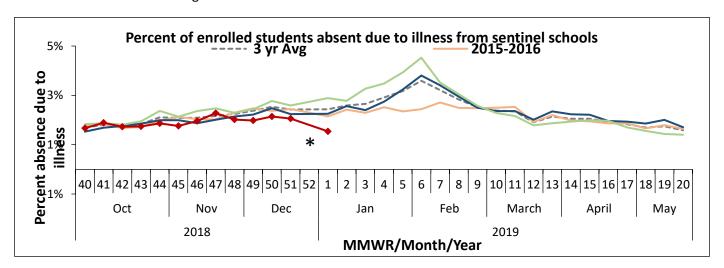
REGION	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/30/18- CURRENT WEEK)
Region 1 (Central)	0	2
Region 2 (NE)	0	0
Region 3 (NW)	1	1
Region 4 (SW)	1	1
Region 5 (SE)	1	2
Region 6 (Eastern)	1	1
Total	0	7

Note: see map in the school section for the counties in each region.



School surveillance program

IDPH monitors illnesses in schools from two different types of reporting: 10 percent school absence reports and weekly sentinel illness reporting. Iowa schools (K-12) track and report (including non-influenza illnesses) when the number of students absent with illness reaches or exceeds 10 percent of total student enrollment. Iowa sentinel schools that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report absence due to all illness and the total enrollment each week. This data provides excellent trends for influenza activity as well as age-specific information used to target vaccination efforts and messages.



^{*}School data not reported for week 52 due to holiday closings

Table 7: Number of schools reporting >10% absenteeism due to any illness

REGION	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/30/18–CURRENT WEEK)
Region 1 (Central)	0	0
Region 2 (NE)	0	0
Region 3 (NW)	0	0
Region 4 (SW)	0	1
Region 5 (SE)	0	0
Region 6 (Eastern)	0	5
Total	0	6

Note: see map in the school section for the counties in each region.

Iowa Influenza Region Map

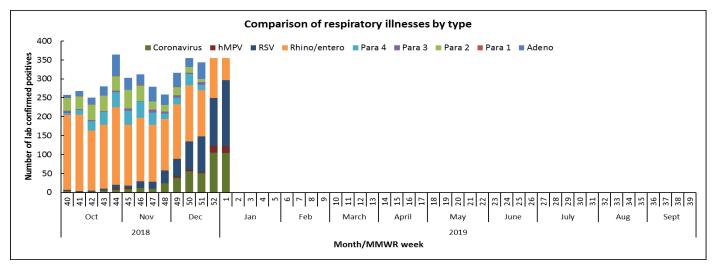


Non-influenza respiratory viruses:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of positive tests for non-influenza respiratory viruses. This table also includes the positive non-influenza virus tests reported from the Dunes Medical Laboratories at Mercy Medical Center in Sioux City. The table includes only the number of positive tests at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. The table does not provide case counts.

Table 8: Number of positive results for non-influenza respiratory virus collected by SHL, Mercy Dunes in Sioux City and Iowa Methodist Medical Center

Viruses	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/30/18–CURRENT WEEK)
Adenovirus	61	468
Parainfluenza Virus Type 1	3	10
Parainfluenza Virus Type 2	8	389
Parainfluenza Virus Type 3	9	68
Parainfluenza Virus Type 4	21	339
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	151	2257
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	174	610
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	19	57
Coronavirus	104	430
Total	550	4628



Other resources:

Vaccine:

Influenza vaccine recommendation: idph.iowa.gov/immtb/immunization/vaccine

CDC vaccine information: www.cdc.gov/flu/fag/flu-vaccine-types.htm

Vaccine finder: http://vaccinefinder.org/

Neighboring states' influenza information:

Illinois: www.dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/diseases-and-conditions/influenza/influenza-

surveillance#publications

Minnesota: www.health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/diseases/flu/stats/index.html

Missouri: health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/influenza/reports.php

South Dakota: doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/flu/

Wisconsin: www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/influenza/index.htm

Note: Due to the holidays, no week 51 report was generated.